COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS CENTRAL VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

REPORT ON AUDIT

JUNE 30, 2006

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Board of Supervisors
County of San Bernardino
Central Valley Fire Protection District

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Valley Fire Protection District (District), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirement for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Valley Fire Protection District, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

The budgetary comparison information on page 20 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Central Valley Fire Protection District has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the component unit financial statements taken as a whole.

Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LCA

September 15, 2006

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governments Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 3,123,111 27,110 926,550 1,812,225 5,522,546
Total Assets	11,411,542
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Compensated absences payable Total Liabilities	64,607 11,770 21,862 8,724
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	5,522,546 5,782,033
Total Net Assets	\$ 11,304,579

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Contributions to other governments Depreciation Total Program Expenses	\$ 14,139,980 1,596,031 43,698 758,529 16,538,238
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Charges for services	3,947,112
Net Program Expense	(12,591,126)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Property taxes	13,484,341
Other taxes	880,611
State assistance	180,900
Other governmental assistance	60,735
Investment earnings	50,795
Intergovernmental	80,000
Other	521,550
Total General Revenues	15,258,932
Change in Net Assets	2,667,806
Net Assets - beginning	8,636,773
Net Assets - ending	\$ 11,304,579

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
	General (SQY)		Station 80 (CNI)
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$	969,133 15,632 926,550 1,811,767	\$ 1,875,733 9,673 -
Total Assets	\$	3,723,082	\$ 1,885,406
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments	\$	25,382 11,770 21,862	\$ 35,804 - -
Total Liabilities		59,014	 35,804
Fund Balances: Reserved: Encumbrance Unreserved:		783,001	238,171
Undesignated		2,881,067	 1,611,431
Total Fund Balances		3,664,068	 1,849,602
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,723,082	\$ 1,885,406

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net assets (Exhibit A) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Compensated absences payable are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds	
\$	278,245 1,805 - 458	\$	3,123,111 27,110 926,550 1,812,225	
\$	280,508	\$ 5,888,996		
\$	3,421 - -	\$	64,607 11,770 21,862	
	3,421		98,239	
	4,626		1,025,798	
	272,461		4,764,959	
	277,087	5,790,757		
\$	280,508			

5,522,546

(8,724)

\$ 11,304,579

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND General	CAPITAL PROJECT FUND Station 80
REVENUES Property taxes Other governmental assistance Other taxes State assistance Investment earnings Service fees Other Total Revenues	(SQY) \$ 13,484,341 60,735 880,611 180,900 18,749 3,947,112 521,550 19,093,998	(CNI) \$ 21,521 - 21,521
EXPENDITURES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay: Equipment Vehicles Structures and improvements Improvements to land	14,136,771 2,403,323 122,923 248,720 71,138	- - - - 190,125 -
Total Expenditures Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	16,982,875 2,111,123	190,125 (168,604)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	(1,610,000)	1,200,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,610,000) 501,123	1,200,000
Fund Balances - beginning	3,162,945	818,206
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 3,664,068	\$ 1,849,602

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - - - - 10,525 - -	\$ 13,484,341 60,735 880,611 180,900 50,795 3,947,112 521,550
10,525	19,126,044
- -	14,136,771 2,403,323
-	122,923 248,720
341,469 179,200	602,732 179,200
520,669	17,693,669
(510,144)	1,432,375
490,000 	1,690,000 (1,610,000)
490,000	80,000
(20,144)	1,512,375
297,231	4,278,382
\$ 277,087	\$ 5,790,757

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,512,375
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$1,960,867) exceeded depreciation expense (\$758,529) in the current period.	1,202,338
Capital assets transferred from other governments are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(43,698)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Increase in compensated absences payable	 (3,209)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,667,806

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

The Central Valley Fire Protection District (District) was established by an act of the Board on March 11, 1974 to provide fire protection and emergency medical services to the communities of Fontana, Muscoy and Bloomington.

The District is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the Central Valley Fire Protection District of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the District meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the District's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the District does not have any proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* labeled "Station 80" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Currently, the District does not have any business-type activities.

Property taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40 - 60
Structures and improvements	5 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	4 - 15

Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Employee compensated absences

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absence liabilities are recorded as a current liability. The District is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates or retires.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

ginning alance	A	Additions Deletions		Ending Balance		
\$ 5,515	\$	14,326	\$	11,117	\$	8,724

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 - 29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for fixed assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

NOTE 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents includes the cash balance of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2006.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 31,054 1,680,953	\$ - 671,568	\$ - (100,000)	\$ 31,054 2,252,521
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,712,007	671,568	(100,000)	2,283,575
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	15,123	100,000	-	115,123
Structures and improvements	922,527	71,138	-	993,665
Vehicles	4,819,328	1,095,239	(306,484)	5,608,083
Equipment	446,012	148,693	(9,399)	585,306
Total capital assets, being			/- /	
depreciated	6,202,990	1,415,070	(315,883)	7,302,177
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(7,329)	(753)	-	(8,082)
Structures and improvements	(427,504)	(20,485)	-	(447,989)
Vehicles	(2,967,738)	(685,587)	239,640	(3,413,685)
Equipment	(148,520)	(54,329)	9,399	(193,450)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,551,091)	(761,154)	249,039	(4,063,206)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	2,651,899	653,916	(66,844)	3,238,971
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$4,363,906	\$ 1,325,484	\$ (166,844)	\$ 5,522,546
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

^{*} This amount includes current year depreciation expense of \$758,529 and \$2,625 for accumulated depreciation as of 6/30/06 for vehicles with a cost of \$25,771 transferred to the District in the current year.

NOTE 4: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan description

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) operating under the California County Employees Retirement Act of 1937 (1937 Act). It provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, the City of Chino Hills, the California State Association of Counties, the San Bernardino County Law Library, Crest Forest Fire Protection District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (the MDAQMD) and the South Coast Air Quality Management District (the AQMD), were later included, along with the County of San Bernardino (the County), and are collectively referred to as the "Participating Members". The plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3rd floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Fiduciary responsibility

The Retirement Association is controlled by its own board, the Retirement Board, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of member and employee contributions and investment income. The Retirement Association publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. The Retirement Association is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit. For these reasons, the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report excludes the Retirement Association pension trust fund as of June 30, 2006.

Funding policy

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621, 31621.2 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). Members are required to contribute 8.89% - 12.65% for general members and 10.85% - 14.77% for safety members, of their annual covered salary of which the County pays approximately 7%. County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follow: County General 10.8%, County Safety 23.84%. All employers combined are required to contribute 13.01% of the current year covered payroll. For 2006, the County's annual pension cost of \$166,614,000 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of the 1937 Act.

NOTE 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, for the year ended June 30, 2006, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 166,614
Interest on Pension Assets	(34,207)
Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	40,156
Annual Pension Cost	172,563
Annual Contributions Made	166,614
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets	(5,949)
Pension Assets, Beginning of Year	844,882
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$ 838,933

The following table shows the County's required contributions and percentage contributed, for the current year and two preceding years:

	A	nnual Contr. in tho)			
Year Ended June 30,		BCERA	 County	Percentage Contributed	
2004	\$	652,325	\$ 540,106	100%	
2005	\$	161,906	\$ 141,450	100%	
2006	\$	197,343	\$ 166,614	100%	

The County, along with the AQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (the Bonds) in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the AQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000. The current amount outstanding at June 30, 2006 is \$439,879,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in a respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,000, \$149,825,000 and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the SBCERA. The current amount outstanding at June 30, 2006 is \$461,665,000.

NOTE 5: FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

From time to time the District may receive funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The CSA is insured through the County's self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$1 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$25 million is provided through a Risk Pool Agreement with California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority ("EIA") Liability Program II. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$2 million per occurrence, and covered by CSAC EIA for up to \$10 million for employer's liability, and up to \$50 million for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25,000 deductible, and insured with CSAC EIA Property Program.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with CSAC EIA, which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim. Maximum coverage under the policy is \$11.5 million per claim with an additional \$10 million in limits provided by the CSAC EIA General Liability II Program.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, also with CSAC EIA with a \$100,000 deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the County's Risk Management Fund (an Internal Service Fund) except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the County's General Fund. The IBNR and IBNS liabilities stated on the Risk Management Fund's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 4.25%. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The County has a risk management investment program agreement with the Bank of New York to finance the self-insured general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, and medical malpractice programs. The County's investment in the agreement totaled \$47.7 million at June 30, 2006.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The total claims liability of \$127.2 million reported at June 30, 2006 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2005 and 2006 were:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability r (in thousands)		CI CI E	rrent Year laims and hanges in stimates thousands)	Claims Payments thousands)	End of Fiscal Year Liability (in thousands)		
2004 - 05	\$	101,709	\$	44,309	\$ (30,304)	\$	115,714	
2005 - 06	\$	115,714	\$	46,926	\$ (35,407)	\$	127,233	

NOTE 7: TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Interfund Transfers In/Out transactions are used to close out a fund, reimburse an operating fund, and transfer cash between operating funds and capital project funds. At June 30, 2006, the District made the following Interfund Transfers In and Out:

Fund	Purpose	Amount
SQY	Transfer to capital projects fund CNI	\$ 1,200,000
SQY	Transfer to capital projects fund CLH	100,000
CNI, CLH, CZB, CZC, CNH	Transfer from special revenue fund SQY	(1,465,000)
SQY	Transfer to capital projects fund CZB	30,000
SQY	Transfer to capital projects fund CZC	100,000
SQY	Transfer to capital projects fund CNH	35,000
	Total	\$ -

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2006, in the opinion of the District Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the District.

Required Supplementary Information County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND							
	Original Budget	Gener Final Budget	al (SQY) Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES Property taxes Other governmental assistance Other taxes State assistance Investment earnings Service fees Other	\$ 13,391,701 2,800,000 - - 2,000 4,594,377 989,575	\$ 13,391,701 2,800,000 - - 2,000 4,594,377 989,575	\$ 13,484,341 60,735 880,611 180,900 18,749 3,947,112 521,550	\$ 92,640 (2,739,265) 880,611 180,900 16,749 (647,265) (468,025)				
Total Revenues	21,777,653	21,777,653	19,093,998	(2,683,655)				
EXPENDITURES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Other	15,843,054 3,731,488 23,080	15,966,159 3,659,488 23,080	14,136,771 2,403,323 -	1,829,388 1,256,165 23,080				
Capital outlay: Equipment costs Vehicle costs Reserves and contingencies	124,334 850,000 - 880,665	124,334 850,000 72,000 880,665	122,923 248,720 71,138 	1,411 601,280 862 880,665				
Total Expenditures	21,452,621	21,575,726	16,982,875	4,592,851				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	325,032	201,927	2,111,123	1,909,196				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	73,055 (3,460,000)	73,055 (3,336,895)	- (1,610,000)	(73,055) 1,726,895				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,386,945)	(3,263,840)	(1,610,000)	1,653,840				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,061,913)	\$ (3,061,913)	501,123	\$ 3,563,036				
Fund Balance - beginning			3,162,945					
Fund Balance - ending			\$ 3,664,068					

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS								
	W-Valley Storage (CCH)			Muscoy Fire Station (CFP)		Muscoy Station (CFP)		Hazmat Vehicle (CNZ)	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other funds	\$	- -	1	\$	24,922 693 -	\$	13,797 131 -	\$	103,664 981 -
Total Assets	\$		1	\$	25,615	\$	13,928	\$	104,645
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-		\$	3,421	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-			3,421		-		
Fund Balances: Reserved:					4.000				
Encumbrances Unreserved:		-			4,626		-		-
Undesignated			1		17,568		13,928		104,645
Total Fund Balances			1		22,194		13,928		104,645
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		11	\$	25,615	\$	13,928	\$	104,645

F	Muscoy uel Tank (CNH)	l Tank Sec. Wall		CTS FUNDS Muscoy Fontana Stairs Land (CZB) (CZC)			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (see Exhibit "C")		
\$	5,829 - 184	\$	102	\$	\$ 29,984 - 63		\$ 99,946 - 211		278,245 1,805 458
\$	6,013	\$	102	\$	30,047	\$	100,157	\$	280,508
\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,421
	-				-		-		3,421
	-		-		-		-		4,626
	6,013		102		30,047		100,157		272,461
	6,013		102		30,047		100,157		277,087
\$	6,013	\$	102	\$	30,047	\$	100,157	\$	280,508

County of San Bernardino Special Districts Central Valley Fire Protection Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS									
		W-Valley Storage (CCH)		M	luscoy Fire Station (CFP)	Muscoy Station (CFP)		Hazmat Vehicle (CNZ)		
REVENUES		,								
Investment earnings	\$	-		\$	6,770	\$	381	\$	2,855	
Total Revenues		-			6,770		381		2,855	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:										
Structures and improvements		_			341,469		_		_	
Improvements to land		-			-		_		-	
·										
Total Expenditures		-			341,469		-		-	
Excess of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures		-			(334,699)		381		2,855	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer In		-			175,000		-		-	
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	-	-			175,000					
Net Change in Fund Balances		-			(159,699)		381		2,855	
Fund Balances - beginning			1		181,893		13,547		101,790	
Fund Balances - ending	\$		1	\$	22,194	\$	13,928	\$	104,645	

		al Nonmajor						
Muscoy Muscoy Fuel Tank Sec. Wall (CNH) (CZA)		ec. Wall	 Muscoy Stairs (CZB)	F	ontana Land (CZC)	Governmental Funds (see Exhibit "D")		
\$ 213	\$	102	\$ 47	\$	157	\$	10,525	
 213		102	 47157			10,525		
- 79,200		- 100,000	- -		- -		341,469 179,200	
 79,200		100,000	 				520,669	
 (78,987)		(99,898)	 47		157		(510,144)	
 85,000		100,000	 30,000		100,000		490,000	
 85,000		100,000	 30,000		100,000		490,000	
6,013		102	30,047		100,157		(20,144)	
 					-		297,231	
\$ 6,013	\$	102	\$ 30,047	\$	100,157	\$	277,087	